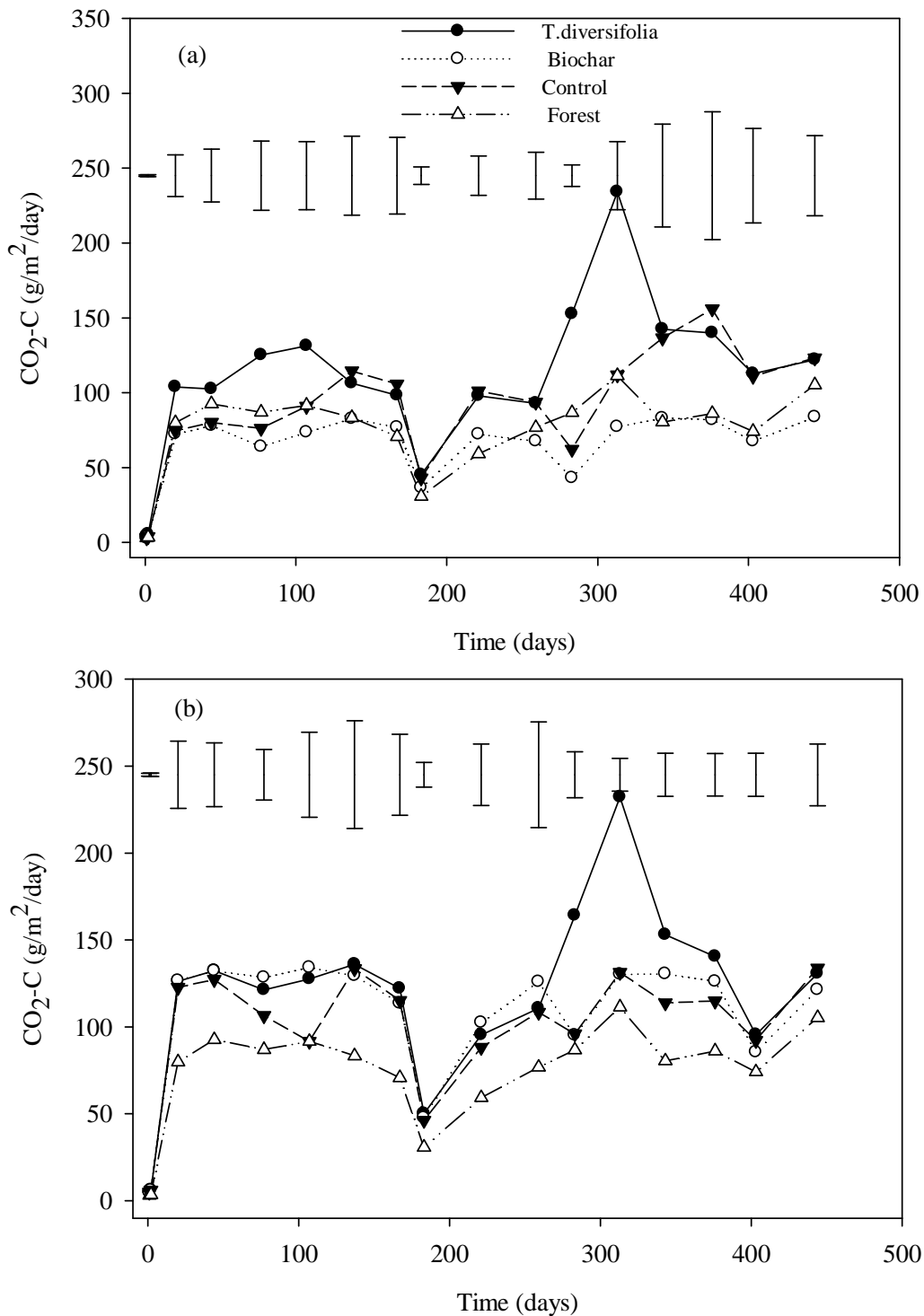




Accessory Figure 1. Geographical location of research sites across the study area in Western Kenya. The settlement corridor separating the once contiguous forest system is ~30 km wide hence the chronosequence sites have similar elevation, temperature and rainfall.



Accessory Figure 2. Specific temporal point CO₂ flux measurements in (a) C-poor and (b) C-rich Ultisols under different management strategies in western Kenya, 2005–2006 (Error bars = 1.s.d.)